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TEST REPORT No : 07192-7201


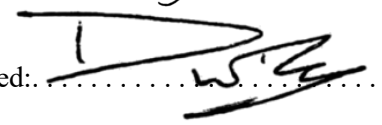
DATE OF ISSUE : 31 July 2025

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BS EN ISO 354:2003

Acoustics – Measurement of Sound Absorption in a Reverberation Room

Client:	GIK Acoustics Europe
Job Number:	07192
Sample Reference:	Godzilla Panels with Range Limiters
Date(s) of Test:	02 July 2025

Signed:		J Dawes Acoustics Technician
Approved:		D Wong-McSweeney Laboratory Manager

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Client Details:	GIK Acoustics Europe Unit F Perseverance Mills Giles Street, Wibsey BD06 3HS
Manufacturer:	Client
Mounting Type:	Type A Mounting
Date Order Received:	20 June 2025

1. Test Samples

The following sample was installed in the large reverberation room of the University of Salford Acoustic Test Laboratory. It was installed in accordance with Annex B of BS EN ISO 354:2003. All information regarding the samples comes from laboratory measurements unless marked with “cs” or otherwise stated.

Absorption measurements include 50Hz, 63Hz, 80Hz, 6.3kHz, 8kHz and 10kHz which are outside the scope of the standard, and are NOT UKAS accredited.

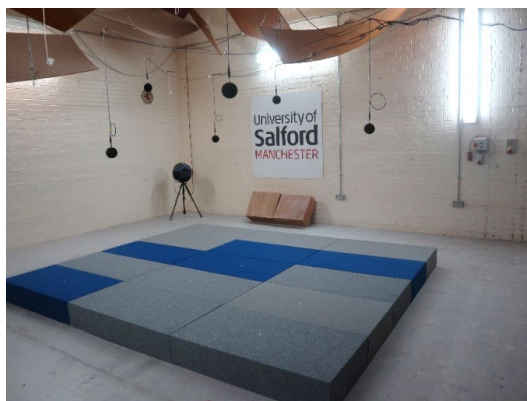
1.1. Description of Test Samples

1.2. Test Reference:	07192-7201
Sample Reference ^{cs} :	Godzilla Panels with Range Limiters
Sample Description:	Bass Trap - Type A Mounting

Fifteen bass traps were laid directly onto the concrete floor in the centre of the reverberation room. Each panel consisted of a timber frame surrounding an absorbent infill, enclosed in a textile. The panels had a rectangular cross section.

Sample Dimensions:	3620 × 3055 mm
Thickness:	220 mm
Mass Per Unit Area:	18.7 kg/m ²

1.3. Photographs



2. Description of Test Procedure

2.1. Description of Test Facility

The tests were carried out in the large reverberation room at the University of Salford. The room has been designed with hard surfaces and non-parallel walls to give long empty room reverberation times with uniform decays. It has the shape of a truncated wedge. In addition, 18 plywood panels, of various sizes, were hung in the room to improve the diffusivity of the sound field. The test sample was placed in the centre of the floor. The excitation signal comprised wide band random noise played into the room via two dodecahedron, omnidirectional loudspeakers mounted in room corners. The sound was monitored at each of 6 microphone positions. The room is 7.4 m long \times ~6.6 m wide \times 4.5 m high with a volume of 220 m³ and a total surface area of 224 m². The volume of the room permits a maximum sample size of 12.79 m² to be tested, in accordance with Clause 6.2.1.1 in BS EN ISO 354: 2003, "Acoustics - Measurement of sound absorption in a reverberation room".

2.2. Test Procedure

The procedure followed that detailed in BS EN ISO 354. Measurements were made on the rate of decay of sound in the test chamber with and without the sample in place. The frequency range from 50 Hz to 10000 Hz was covered in one-third octave bands (50, 63, 80, 6.3k, 8k and 10k are not included in BS EN ISO 354 and are not UKAS accredited). An average reverberation time was taken from five decays at each of six microphone positions for each of two loudspeaker positions (i.e. 60 decays per third octave band). The decays were produced by exciting the room with amplified wide band random noise and stopping the excitation once the chamber became saturated. The time taken for the sound to decay by a given amount is measured and extrapolated to give the reverberation time. In practice this was determined by sampling the decaying sound field on a one-third octave band frequency analyser and storing the spectrum in a computer. The reverberation time was obtained from the arithmetically averaged decays at each frequency. The measurements with and without the sample in the room were carried out consecutively to avoid significant changes in relative humidity and temperature that influence air absorption at higher frequencies.

2.3. Calculation

The random incidence sound absorption coefficients were determined from the measured data by means of the equations below:

$$\alpha_s = \frac{A_T}{S}$$

Where

α_s is the absorption coefficient of the sample

S is the area covered by the test specimen (m²)

A_T is the equivalent sound absorption area of the test specimen (m²)

$$A_T = A_2 - A_1 = 55.3V \left(\frac{1}{c_2 T_2} - \frac{1}{c_1 T_1} \right) - 4V(m_2 - m_1)$$

A_1 is the equivalent sound absorption area of the empty reverberation room (m²).

A_2 is the equivalent sound absorption area of the room reverberation containing the test specimen (m²).

V is the volume, in cubic metres, of the empty reverberation room:

c_1 is the propagation speed of sound at air temperature t_1 ;

c_2 is the propagation speed of sound at air temperature t_2 ;

T_1 is the mean reverberation times of the empty reverberation room in each frequency band (sec).

T_2 is the mean reverberation times of the reverberation room containing the test specimen in each frequency band (sec)

m_1 is the power attenuation, in reciprocal metres, using the climatic conditions that have been presented in the empty reverberation room.

m_2 is the power attenuation, in reciprocal metres, using the climatic conditions that have been presented in the reverberation room containing the test specimen.

The single-number rating, α_w , has been calculated in accordance with BS EN ISO 11654:1997, *Acoustics – Sound absorbers for use in buildings – Rating of sound absorption*.

(No correction is applied for the absorption of the surface covered by the test sample)

3. Equipment

Equipment	Laboratory Equipment Record No.
Norwegian Electronics 1/3 octave band real time analyser type 850 with in-built random noise generator	RTA3-07 to 12
Quad 510 power amplifier	PA7
Norsonic Sound Calibrator type 1251	C8
2 × Norsonic Dodecahedron Loudspeakers	LS10-LS11
1 × Bruel &Kjaer random incidence condenser microphone type 4166 in the receiving room	M18
5 × G.R.A.S. random incidence condenser microphones type 40AP in the receiving room	M31, M19, M32, M41, M42
Environmental sensor data logger, hygrometers and barometer	HL1, HG2, BM3
Toshiba TECRA R850 119 laptop computer and related peripheral equipment (network switch, printer, monitor etc.)	RTA3-00
Yamaha GQ1031BII graphic equalizer	GEQ1

4. Results

The random incidence sound absorption coefficients, α_S , are given in the tables over leaf. Also given are the octave-band practical sound absorption coefficients, α_{pi} , and the weighted sound absorption coefficient, α_W .

Results at frequencies 50Hz, 63Hz, 80Hz, 6.3kHz, 8kHz and 10kHz are also presented but these are not within the scope of BS EN ISO 354:2003 and are NOT UKAS accredited.

The results presented here relate only to the items received, tested and described in this report.

BS EN ISO 354:2003**Acoustics - Measurement of absorption in a reverberation room**

Client: **GIK Acoustics Europe**
Unit F, Perseverance Mills, Giles Street, Wibsey,
BD06 3HS

Sample Reference: **Godzilla Panels with Range Limiters**
Description of Sample: Bass Trap - Type A Mounting

Room Volume: 220 m³ Location: Acoustic Transmission Suite
Sample Size: 11.06 m² Test Room Large reverberation Room
Sample Thickness: 220 mm Condition: Clean

Sample Out		Sample In	
Temperature	21.5 °C	Temperature	21.5 °C
Relative Humidity	61.9 %	Relative Humidity	62.7 %
Static Pressure	101.3 kPa	Static Pressure	101.3 kPa

Random Incidence Sound Absorption Coefficient

Frequency [Hz]	T_1 [s]	T_2 [s]	α_S
100	6.71	2.37	0.87
125	7.52	2.49	0.86
160	6.43	2.62	0.72
200	6.34	2.66	0.70
250	7.08	2.88	0.66
315	6.78	3.04	0.58
400	6.54	3.13	0.53
500	6.26	3.24	0.48
630	5.91	3.27	0.44
800	5.82	3.34	0.41
1000	5.41	3.35	0.36
1250	5.03	3.28	0.34
1600	4.75	3.22	0.32
2000	4.29	2.98	0.33
2500	3.71	2.66	0.34
3150	3.15	2.33	0.36
4000	2.49	1.92	0.38
5000	2.11	1.68	0.39

Test reference: 07192-7201

Date: 02 July 2025

University of Salford, Acoustic Testing Laboratory

BS EN ISO 354:2003**Acoustics - Measurement of absorption in a reverberation room**

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Unit F, Perseverance Mills, Giles Street, Wibsey,
BD06 3HS

Sample Reference: **Godzilla Panels with Range Limiters**

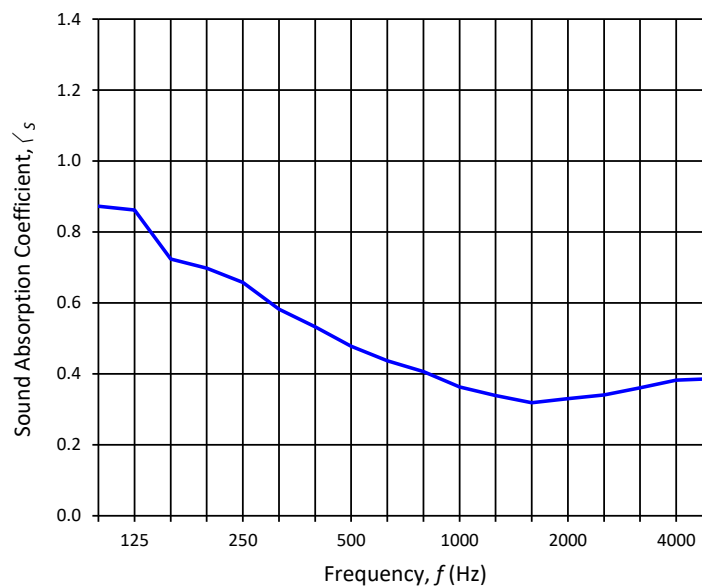
Description of Sample: Bass Trap - Type A Mounting

Room Volume: 220 m³ Location: Acoustic Transmission Suite
Sample Size: 11.06 m² Test Room Large reverberation Room
Sample Thickness: 220 mm Condition: Clean

Sample Out		Sample In	
Temperature	21.5 °C	Temperature	21.5 °C
Relative Humidity	61.9 %	Relative Humidity	62.7 %
Static Pressure	101.3 kPa	Static Pressure	101.3 kPa

Random Incidence Sound Absorption Coefficient

Frequency [Hz]	α_s
100	0.87
125	0.86
160	0.72
200	0.70
250	0.66
315	0.58
400	0.53
500	0.48
630	0.44
800	0.41
1000	0.36
1250	0.34
1600	0.32
2000	0.33
2500	0.34
3150	0.36
4000	0.38
5000	0.39



Signed: *James*

Test reference: 07192-7201

Date: 02 July 2025

University of Salford, Acoustic Testing Laboratory

BS EN ISO 11654:1997 Acoustics - Sound absorbers for use in buildings

Client: **GIK Acoustics Europe**
Unit F, Perseverance Mills, Giles Street, Wibsey,
BD06 3HS

Sample Reference: **Godzilla Panels with Range Limiters**

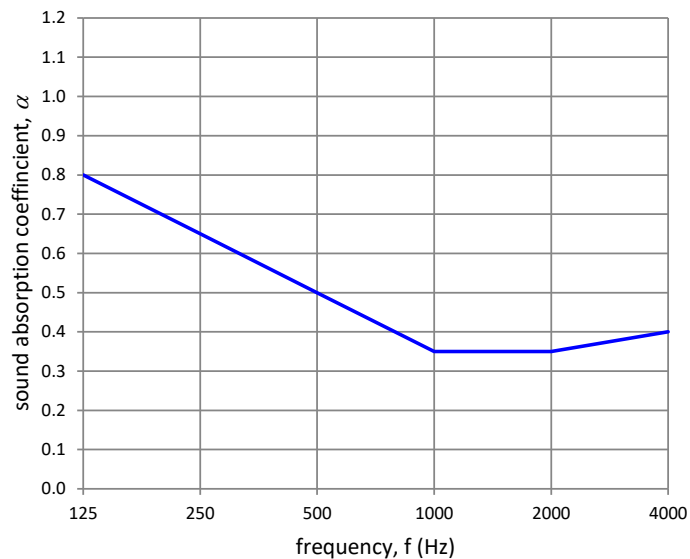
Description of Sample: Bass Trap - Type A Mounting

Room Volume: 220 m³ Location: Acoustic Transmission Suite
Sample Size: 11.06 m² Test Room Large reverberation Room
Sample Thickness: 220 mm Condition: Clean

Sample Out		Sample In	
Temperature	21.5 °C	Temperature	21.5 °C
Relative Humidity	61.9 %	Relative Humidity	62.7 %
Static Pressure	101.3 kPa	Static Pressure	101.3 kPa

Random Incidence Sound Absorption Coefficient

Frequency [Hz]	α_{pi}
125	0.80
250	0.65
500	0.50
1000	0.35
2000	0.35
4000	0.40



$$\alpha_w = 0.40 \quad (L)$$

Classification: D

Signed: _____

If a shape indicator is given, it is strongly recommended to use this single-number rating in combination with the complete absorption coefficient curve that can be obtained on request.

Test reference: 07192-7201

Date: 02 July 2025

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BS EN ISO 354:2003**Acoustics - Measurement of absorption in a reverberation room**

Client: **GIK Acoustics Europe**
Unit F, Perseverance Mills, Giles Street, Wibsey,
BD06 3HS

Sample Reference: **Godzilla Panels with Range Limiters**
Description of Sample: Bass Trap - Type A Mounting

Frequencies 50, 63, 80, 6.3k, 8k
and 10k **NOT** UKAS accredited.

Room Volume: 220 m³ Location: Acoustic Transmission Suite
Sample Size: 11.06 m² Test Room Large reverberation Room
Sample Thickness: 220 mm Condition: Clean

Sample Out

Temperature 21.5 °C
Relative Humidity 61.9 %
Static Pressure 101.3 kPa

Sample In

Temperature 21.5 °C
Relative Humidity 62.7 %
Static Pressure 101.3 kPa

Random Incidence Sound Absorption Coefficient

Frequency [Hz]	T_1 [s]	T_2 [s]	α_s
50	7.04	3.01	0.61
63	7.37	2.47	0.86
80	6.53	3.30	0.48
100	6.71	2.37	0.87
125	7.52	2.49	0.86
160	6.43	2.62	0.72
200	6.34	2.66	0.70
250	7.08	2.88	0.66
315	6.78	3.04	0.58
400	6.54	3.13	0.53
500	6.26	3.24	0.48
630	5.91	3.27	0.44
800	5.82	3.34	0.41
1000	5.41	3.35	0.36
1250	5.03	3.28	0.34
1600	4.75	3.22	0.32
2000	4.29	2.98	0.33
2500	3.71	2.66	0.34
3150	3.15	2.33	0.36
4000	2.49	1.92	0.38
5000	2.11	1.68	0.39
6300	1.79	1.42	0.47
8000	1.45	1.20	0.48
10000	1.11	0.91	0.67

Test reference: 07192-7201

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Client: **GIK Acoustics Europe**
Unit F, Perseverance Mills, Giles Street, Wibsey,
BD06 3HS

Sample Reference: **Godzilla Panels with Range Limiters**

Description of Sample: Bass Trap - Type A Mounting

Room Volume: 220 m³ Location: Acoustic Transmission Suite
Sample Size: 11.06 m² Test Room Large reverberation Room
Sample Thickness: 220 mm Condition: Clean

Sample Out

Temperature 21.5 °C
Relative Humidity 61.9 %
Static Pressure 101.3 kPa

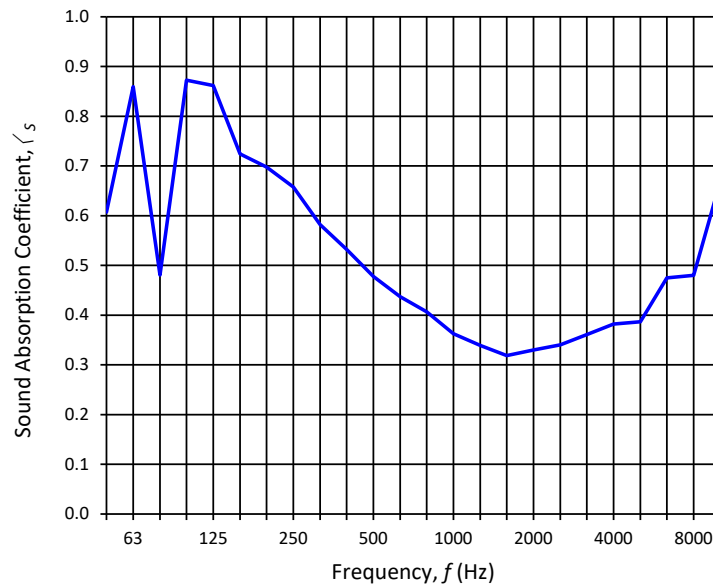
Sample In

Temperature 21.5 °C
Relative Humidity 62.7 %
Static Pressure 101.3 kPa

Random Incidence Sound Absorption Coefficient

*n.b. - graph is **NOT** UKAS accredited.*

Frequency [Hz]	α_s
50	0.61
63	0.86
80	0.48
100	0.87
125	0.86
160	0.72
200	0.70
250	0.66
315	0.58
400	0.53
500	0.48
630	0.44
800	0.41
1000	0.36
1250	0.34
1600	0.32
2000	0.33
2500	0.34
3150	0.36
4000	0.38
5000	0.39
6300	0.47
8000	0.48
10000	0.67



*Frequencies 50, 63, 80, 6.3k, 8k and 10k Hz are **NOT** within the scope of BS EN ISO 354:2003, **NOR** UKAS accredited.*

Signed: _____

Test reference: 07192-7201

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